(e) Standard: Documentation. All patient care provided in the special purpose facility is documented and forwarded to the patient's usual dialysis facility, if possible, within 30 days of the last scheduled treatment in the special purpose renal dialysis facility.

§ 494.130 Condition: Laboratory services.

The dialysis facility must provide, or make available, laboratory services (other than tissue pathology and histocompatibility) to meet the needs of the ESRD patient. Any laboratory services, including tissue pathology and histocompatibility must be furnished by or obtained from, a facility that meets the requirements for laboratory services specified in part 493 of this chapter.

Subpart D—Administration

§ 494.140 Condition: Personnel qualifications.

All dialysis facility staff must meet the applicable scope of practice board and licensure requirements in effect in the State in which they are employed. The dialysis facility's staff (employee or contractor) must meet the personnel qualifications and demonstrated competencies necessary to serve collectively the comprehensive needs of the patients. The dialysis facility's staff must have the ability to demonstrate and sustain the skills needed to perform the specific duties of their positions.

- (a) Standard: Medical director. (1) The medical director must be a board-certified physician in internal medicine or pediatrics by a professional board who has completed a board-approved training program in nephrology and has at least 12-months of experience providing care to patients receiving dialysis.
- (2) If a physician, as specified in paragraph (a)(1) of this section, is not available to direct a certified dialysis facility another physician may direct the facility, subject to the approval of the Secretary.
- (b) Standard: Nursing services. (1) Nurse manager. The facility must have a nurse manager responsible for nursing services in the facility who must—

- (i) Be a full time employee of the facility:
- (ii) Be a registered nurse; and
- (iii) Have at least 12 months of experience in clinical nursing, and an additional 6 months of experience in providing nursing care to patients on maintenance dialysis.
- (2) Self-care and home dialysis training nurse. The nurse responsible for self-care and/or home care training must—
 - (i) Be a registered nurse; and
- (ii) Have at least 12 months experience in providing nursing care and an additional 3 months of experience in the specific modality for which the nurse will provide self-care training.
- (3) Charge nurse. The charge nurse responsible for each shift must—
- (i) Be a registered nurse, a licensed practical nurse, or vocational nurse who meets the practice requirements in the State in which he or she is employed;
- (ii) Have at least 12 months experience in providing nursing care, including 3 months of experience in providing nursing care to patients on maintenance dialysis; and
- (iii) If such nurse is a licensed practical nurse or licensed vocational nurse, work under the supervision of a registered nurse in accordance with state nursing practice act provisions.
- (4) Staff nurse. Each nurse who provides care and treatment to patients must be either a registered nurse or a practical nurse who meets the practice requirements in the State in which he or she is employed.
- (c) Standard: Dietitian. The facility must have a dietitian who must—
- (1) Be a registered dietitian with the Commission on Dietetic Registration;
- (2) Have a minimum of 1 year professional work experience in clinical nutrition as a registered dietitian.
- (d) Standard: Social worker. The facility must have a social worker who—
- (1) Holds a master's degree in social work with a specialization in clinical practice from a school of social work accredited by the Council on Social Work Education; or
- (2) Has served at least 2 years as a social worker, 1 year of which was in a dialysis unit or transplantation program prior to September 1, 1976, and

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has established a consultative relationship with a social worker who qualifies under § 494.140(d)(1).

- (e) Standard: Patient care dialysis technicians. Patient care dialysis technicians must—
- (1) Meet all applicable State requirements for education, training, credentialing, competency, standards of practice, certification, and licensure in the State in which he or she is employed as a dialysis technician; and
- (2) Have a high school diploma or equivalency;
- (3) Have completed a training program that is approved by the medical director and governing body, under the direction of a registered nurse, focused on the operation of kidney dialysis equipment and machines, providing direct patient care, and communication and interpersonal skills, including patient sensitivity training and care of difficult patients. The training program must include the following subjects:
 - (i) Principles of dialysis.
- (ii) Care of patients with kidney failure, including interpersonal skills.
- (iii) Dialysis procedures and documentation, including initiation, proper cannulation techniques, monitoring, and termination of dialysis.
- (iv) Possible complications of dialysis.
- (v) Water treatment and dialysate preparation.
 - (vi) Infection control.
 - (vii) Safety.
- (viii) Dialyzer reprocessing, if applicable
- (4) Be certified under a State certification program or a national commercially available certification program, as follows—
- (i) For newly employed patient care technicians, within 18 months of being hired as a dialysis patient care technician; or
- (ii) For patient care technicians employed on October 14, 2008, within 18 months after such date.
- (f) Standard: Water treatment system technicians. Technicians who perform monitoring and testing of the water treatment system must complete a training program that has been approved by the medical director and the governing body.

§ 494.150 Condition: Responsibilities of the medical director.

The dialysis facility must have a medical director who meets the qualifications of §494.140(a) to be responsible for the delivery of patient care and outcomes in the facility. The medical director is accountable to the governing body for the quality of medical care provided to patients. Medical director responsibilities include, but are not limited to, the following:

- (a) Quality assessment and performance improvement program.
- (b) Staff education, training, and performance.
- (c) Policies and procedures. The medical director must—
- (1) Participate in the development, periodic review and approval of a "patient care policies and procedures manual" for the facility; and
 - (2) Ensure that-
- (i) All policies and procedures relative to patient admissions, patient care, infection control, and safety are adhered to by all individuals who treat patients in the facility, including attending physicians and nonphysician providers; and
- (ii) The interdisciplinary team adheres to the discharge and transfer policies and procedures specified in §494.180(f).

§ 494.160 [Reserved]

§ 494.170 Condition: Medical records.

The dialysis facility must maintain complete, accurate, and accessible records on all patients, including home patients who elect to receive dialysis supplies and equipment from a supplier that is not a provider of ESRD services and all other home dialysis patients whose care is under the supervision of the facility.

- (a) Standard: Protection of the patient's record. The dialysis facility must—
- (1) Safeguard patient records against loss, destruction, or unauthorized use; and
- (2) Keep confidential all information contained in the patient's record, except when release is authorized pursuant to one of the following:
- (i) The transfer of the patient to another facility.